PARIS TROIKA? NO, PERESTROIKA!: THE STORY OF A SUB-DISCIPLINE

Asif Siddiqui, PSGSA Conference, U of Alberta April 27, 2013

Topics to be Covered

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Paradigms in Comparative Politics:

- > 1) Traditional
- > 2) Behavioural
- > 3) Post-Behavioural
- > 4) Constructivism
- > 5) Perestroika

Traditional Paradigm



Late 1800's to mid-20th Century > Overwhelmingly Case Studies

Not for Theory Building

Empirical Observations and Philosophy

European Institutions (states, elections, political parties, constitutions, etc.)

Behavioural Paradigm

1950's and 1960's

- Rationalism (Supposedly Objective)
- Econometrics and Statistics
- Large-N Studies Commonplace
- Meta- and Mid-Range Theories
- System-Level Analysis
- Formal and Informal Structures and Functions

Post-Behavioural Paradigm

1970's and 1980's

- > Rational and Scientific (supposedly objective)
- Small-N Studies
- Comparisons Across Nations and Time
- State Level Analysis

Constructivist Paradigm

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- 1980's to Present
 - Subjectivity of Knowledge
 - > Qualitative/Interpretive Approach
 - Case Studies
 - Marginalized Groups and Individuals



Perestroika

21st Century

> Quantitative and Qualitative Research

- Interdisciplinary Approach
- > Mid-Range Theory (Normative, Positive or Foundational)
- Case Study/Small-N/Large-N/Discourses/Narratives
- > Analysis can be: Cross-National/Cross-Group/Cross-Time
- System, State, Group, and/or Individual Analysis

Questions/Discussions



> What questions do you have?