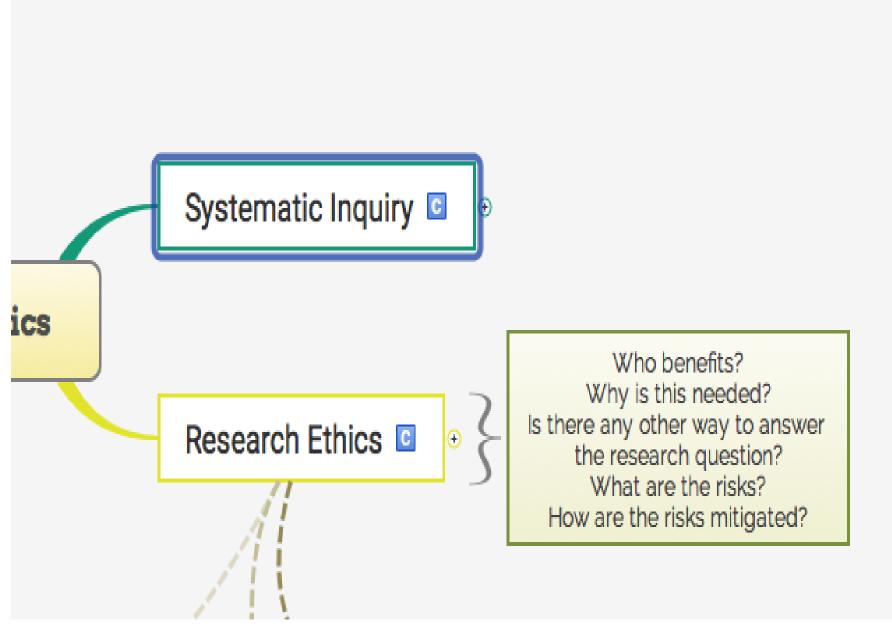


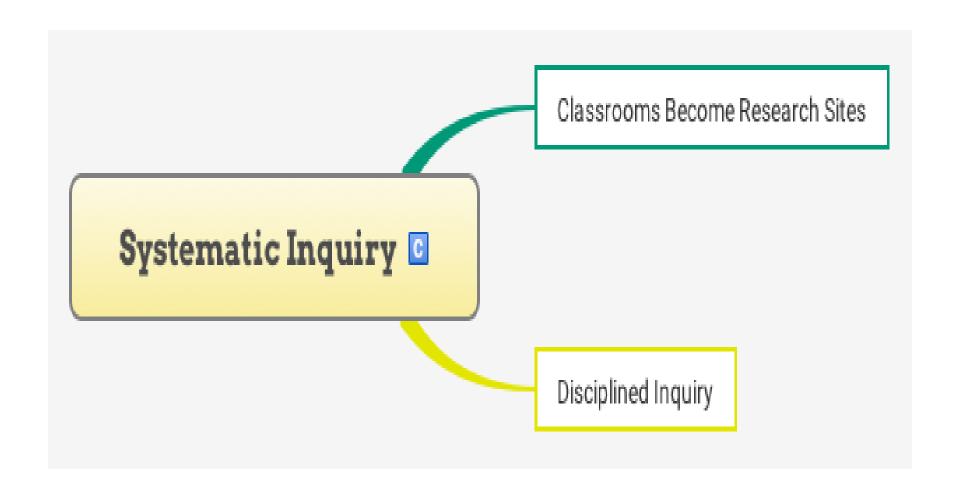
How similar are the circumstances in which this study was conducted to which I might wish to generalize the findings?

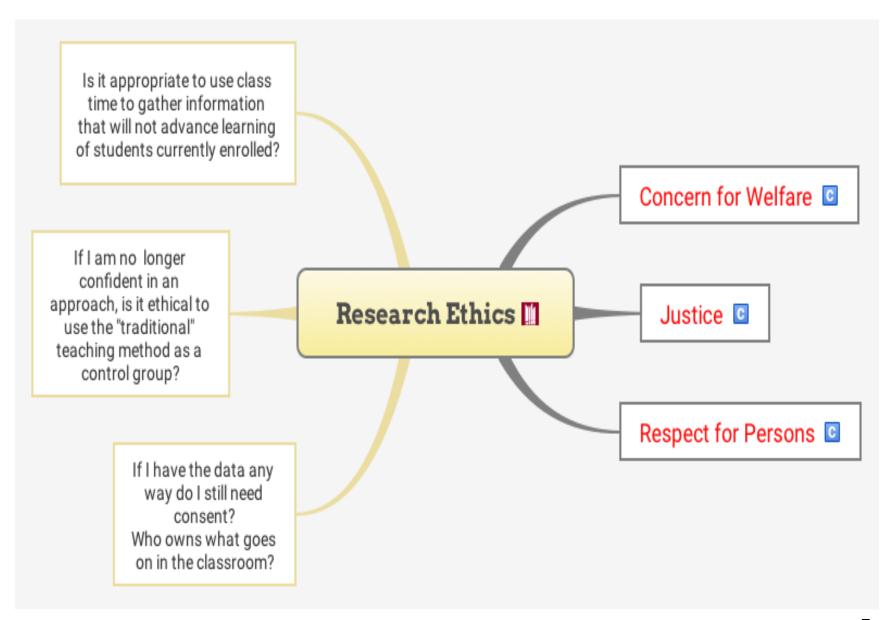
Making the private public ©

How similar are the circumstances in which this study was conducted to which I might wish to generalize the findings?

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Concern for Welfare

The welfare of a person is the quality of that person's experience of life in all its aspects. Welfare consists of the impact on individuals of factors such as their physical, mental and spiritual health, as well as their physical, economic and social circumstances.

They are to provide participants with enough information to be able to adequately assess risks and potential benefits associated with their participation in the research. To do so, researchers and REBs must ensure that participants are not exposed to unnecessary risks.

The welfare of groups can also be affected by research. Groups may benefit from the knowledge gained from the research, but they may also suffer from stigmatization, discrimination or damage to reputation.

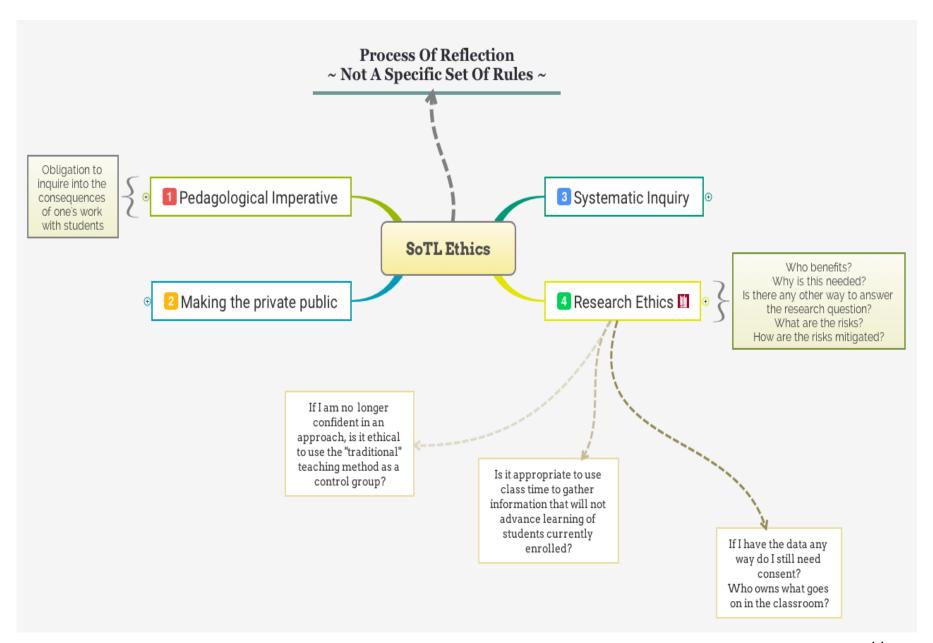
Justice

Justice refers to the obligation to treat people fairly and equitably. Fairness entails treating all people with equal respect and concern. Equity requires distributing the benefits and burdens of research participation in such a way that no segment of the population is unduly burdened by the harms of research or denied the benefits of the knowledge generated from it.

Respect for Persons recognizes the intrinsic value of human beings and the respect and consideration that they are due.

Respect for Persons incorporates the dual moral obligations to respect autonomy and to protect those with developing, impaired or diminished autonomy.

Respect for Persons



Research Ethics Board

http://www.macewan.ca/wcm/DiscoverMacEwan/Research/ResearchEthicsBoard/index.htm